Alternative Grading Q





Implementing Specifications Grading in General Chemistry

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Un-grading



Promote elimination/minimization of traditional letter grade Reduce academic anxiety and focus on learning

Contract grading

Agreement between students and instructor on the amount of labor required for each letter grade

Specifications grading

Emphasize mastery of learning objectives Clear expectations of the mastery required for each letter grade



- → Encourage students to put in the hours to relearn concepts after "failing" any of the chapters throughout the course.
- → Encourage students to become more comfortable with temporary "failure" before passing the assessment and accomplishing the tasks designated in the learning objectives.
- → Discourage point-grubbing associated with partial points and focus solely on mastery of learning objectives.







O Vanderbilt University Center for Teaching





CH1020 General Chemistry II Summer 2023

- \rightarrow 5 week summer course
- \rightarrow Mon–Fri at 8 am, fast-paced (even more than usual)

How can I get the students to trust me with specs grading?

- \rightarrow Productive failure + Growth mindset
- → Reassessments = "Practice Runs" or "Second Chances"
- \rightarrow Motivation to make the summer session count!





Chapter 11 Assessment v1

Name:

Basic	High Pass	Pass	Needs work				
Advanced	High Pass	Pass	Needs work				

You have 45 minutes to complete this assessment.

Show your work when applicable.

Useful Equations and Constants:

 $\Delta T_{\rm b} = i \cdot K_{\rm b} \cdot m \qquad \Delta T_{\rm f} = i \cdot K_{\rm f} \cdot m$

 $P_{solution} = X_{solvent} \cdot P^{\circ}_{solvent}$ $S = k_{H} \cdot P$ $\Pi = i \cdot M \cdot R \cdot T$

760 torr = 1 atm

R = 0.08206 L · atm/ K · mol





Each chapter assessment was divided into basic and advanced modules that aimed to assess learning outcomes at different cognitive levels according to Bloom's Taxonomy.

Each module was graded as a "high pass", "pass" or "needs work".





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- → For consistent grading, a rubric was set to award a "pass" when students have answered at least 80% of the material correctly and 90% for "high pass".
- → No partial points were given to encourage complete mastery of each objective/skill and to move students away from pointgrubbing mindset.



3. Determine whether each statement about general solubility trends is true or false. Circle the correct answers.

Changing the pressure has little to no effect on the solubility of liquid solutes.	True / False
Increasing the temperature will decreases the solubility of gaseous solutes.	True / False
Decreasing the temperature will increase the solubility of solid solutes.	True / False

- 4. Rank the following aqueous solutions in order of their freezing point. Fill in the blanks below in the appropriate order.
 - I. 0.20 m NaOH
 II. 0.05 m Mg(NO₃)₂
 III. 0.33 m CH₃CH₂OH
 IV. 0.14 m CaBr₂

_____<_____<______<______

- 7. What is the molarity of a 2.35 m solution of Ca(NO₃)₂ in water? Report your answer to three significant figures. Don't forget the units.
 - Molar mass of Ca(NO₃)₂ is 164.09 g/mol
 - Molar mass of H₂O is 18.02 g/mol
 - Density of this solution is 1.28 g/mL



- → Basic questions asks students to <u>remember</u>, <u>understand</u> and <u>apply</u> the factual and conceptual knowledge.
- → Advanced questions asks students to <u>analyze</u> and <u>evaluate</u> the various chemical situations using procedural and metacognitive knowledge.
- \rightarrow There were often overlap of these skills.





CH1020 Summer '23

Chapter 11 Assessment v1

Name: _____

Basic	High Pass	Pass	Needs work					
Advanced	High Pass	Pass	Needs work					



CH1020 Summer '23

Chapter 11 Assessment v2

Name: _

Basic	High Pass	Pass	Needs work				
Advanced	High Pass	Pass	Needs work				



CH1020 Summer '23

Chapter 11 Assessment v3

Name:

Basic	High Pass	Pass	Needs work				
Advanced	High Pass	Pass	Needs work				



- → An important component of specs grading is allowing students multiple attempts at passing the specifications!
- → Students were given three tries to pass each module. First assessment was taken in class, then returned with written feedback.
- → Second and third attempts were scheduled outside of class time.



Each version of the modules assessed the same learning outcomes (skills) using different chemical situations.



3. Determine whether each statement about general solubility trends is true or false. Circle the correct answers.

Changing the pressure has little to no effect on the solubility of liquid solutes.	True / False
Increasing the temperature will decreases the solubility of gaseous solutes.	True / False
Decreasing the temperature will increase the solubility of solid solutes.	True / False

3. Determine whether each statement about general solubility trends is true or false. Circle the correct answers.

Increasing the pressure will decrease the solubility of solid solutes.	True / False
Increasing the temperature will increase the solubility of liquid solutes.	True / False
Decreasing the temperature will increase the solubility of gaseous solutes.	True / False

- 7. What is the molarity of a 2.35 m solution of Ca(NO₃)₂ in water? Report your answer to three significant figures. Don't forget the units.
 - Molar mass of Ca(NO₃)₂ is 164.09 g/mol
 - Molar mass of H₂O is 18.02 g/mol
 - Density of this solution is 1.28 g/mL



- 7. What is the molality of a solution that is 15.5% Ca(NO₃)₂ by mass in water? Report your answer to three significant figures. Don't forget the units.
 - Molar mass of Ca(NO₃)₂ is 164.09 g/mol
 - Molar mass of H₂O is 18.02 g/mol
 - Density of this solution is 1.28 g/mL



- 4. Rank the following aqueous solutions in order of their freezing point. Fill in the blanks below in the appropriate order.
 - I. 0.20 m NaOH
 - II. 0.05 m Mg(NO₃)₂
 - III. 0.33 m CH₃CH₂OH
 - $IV. \ 0.14\,m\,CaBr_2$



I. 0.10 m KCl

- II. 0.05 m MgSO4
- III. 0.23 m (NH₄)₂S
- IV. 0.40 m CH₃OH

_____<____<_____<______



- → Encourage understanding the bigger chemical picture and discourage simple "rote memorization" or "plug and chug"
- → By the third attempt, students ideally realize which concept or equation had to be used when and why.





To assign a letter grade in CH1020 that accounts for students' lab course performance, a percentage grade had to be assigned for the lecture course.

Lecture Grade = 70 – 4 (# basic failed) + 4 (# advanced passed) Course Grade = 0.8 (lecture grade) + 0.2 (lab grade)





tudent	tudent										tendance passed grade grade grade												
S	Ch	12	Ch	11	Ch	17.1	Ch	17.2	Ch	13	Ch	14.1	Ch	14.2	Ch	16	Ch 20	P.	14	16	/~	/0	-
1	f/f/p	f/p	f/f/f	f/p	f/f/f	f/f/hp	f/f/f	f/p	f/f/f	f/hp	-/f/p	-/f/p	f/f/f	f/f/f	f/f/f	f/f/f	f/p	100%	9	74	С	С	
2	р	hp	f/hp	hp	f/p	hp	f/p	f/p	f/f/hp	f/f/p	f/p	f/hp	f/f/p	f/f/f	f/hp	f/f/f	р	80%	15	98	Α	Α	
3	f/p	f/f	f/p	f/f	f/f/f	f/f/f	f/f/f	f/f/f	f/f/f	f/f/f	-/p	-/-	-/p	—/f	—/f	—/f	f	40%	4	54	F	D	
4	f/p	f/hp	f/p	f/-	f/hp	f/-/f	f//f/p	р	f/hp	f/f/p	f/f/hp	f/—/-	р	f	f	f	f/f/hp	100%	11	82	В	В	
5	—/f/f	-/f/f	f/f/p	f/f/f	f/f/f	f/f/f	-/f/f	—/f/f	—/f/f	-/f/f	-/f/f	-/f/f	-/f/f	—/f/f	-/f/f	—/f/f	р	7%	2	46	F	F	
6	f/hp	р	-/p	—/f/f	-/p	–/f/p	f/p	f/f/hp	f/f/f	f/f/f	-/p	—/f/f	f/-/f	f/-/f	f/f	f/f	f/p	53%	9	74	С	С	
7	f/p	f/p	f/p	f/p	f/f/f	f/f/-	—/f/f	−/f/p	-/f/p	-/-/-	f/f/f	f	f/p/f	f/—/-	f/f	f/f	f/f/f	53%	7	66	D	С	
8	р	f/hp	f/f/f	f/f/p	-/p	–/f/hp	f/f/f	р	f/hp	р	р	р	f/p	f/f	hp	hp	f/f/f	100%	13	90	Α	В	
9	р	р	f/p	f/f	f/f/f	р	f/f/f	р	f/p	f/f	р	f	f/f/p	f/f/-	f/f/f	f/f/f	f/f	100%	8	70	С	С	
10	-/p	-/p	f/f/p	f/-/-	f/p	f/-	—/f/f	—/f/f	−/f/p		-	-	-	-	-	-	р	33%	6	62	D	D	
11	р	hp	f/f/p	р	f/p	hp	f/f	hp	f/f/hp	f/p	f/hp	f/hp	f/p	f/f/hp	f/hp/f	f/hp/f	f/p	87%	16	102	Α	Α	
12	р	f/hp	f/p	f/f/f	f/p	f/f/f	—/f/f	−/f/p	−/f/p	—/f/f	f/p	f/f	f/f/f	f/f/f	f/hp	р	р	87%	10	78	С	В	

Student Performance Q